

6 Review:

Units 1–5


4th GRADE

Unit 1 Silent/Sounded Consonants

pages 12–17

column	design	haste	resign	muscle
columnist	designate	hasten	resignation	muscular

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

 **Spelling Strategy** To spell a word with a silent consonant, think of a related word in which the consonant is sounded.

Write the word that completes each sentence.

1. Carlos put the bread outside to _____ the cooling process.
2. The architect submitted a new _____ for City Hall.
3. Ana's boss was sorry to accept her _____.
4. A hedge helped to _____ the property line.

Write the word that fits each clue.


5. like a body builder
6. a newspaper writer
7. a source of strength
8. what you read in a newspaper
9. one cause of carelessness
10. to quit a job

Unit 2 Greek Word Parts I

pages 18–23

symphony	microphone	autograph	automobile	bibliography
phonetic	photograph	geography	automatic	autobiography

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

 **Spelling Strategy** Knowing the Greek word parts *phon* (“sound”), *auto* (“self”), and *graph* (“writing”) can help you spell and understand words with these parts.

Write the words that complete the paragraph.

Rory Tyson was the famous conductor of a (11) orchestra. Fans would stop Tyson's (12) in the middle of traffic in order to snap a (13) of him. In his (14), called *The Story of Rory*, he wrote about his life.

Write the word that fits each clue.


15. a list of books
16. without human control
17. the study of the earth
18. a piece of equipment used by singers
19. representing sounds of speech
20. something given by a celebrity

Unit 3

Number Prefixes

pages 24–29

universe
unitybinoculars
semicolonunique
triotriple
bicepssemicircle
biannual

 **Spelling Strategy** Remember that *uni-* (“one”), *bi-* (“two; twice”), *tri-* (“three”), and *semi-* (“half”) are number prefixes.

Write the word that fits each word group.

21. period, comma, apostrophe, _____
 22. sole, unequaled, matchless, _____
 23. quartet, duo, quintet, _____
 24. telescope, magnifying glass, microscope, _____

Write the word that matches each definition.

25. three times as much
 26. all things
 27. oneness
 28. twice a year
 29. a half circle
 30. a muscle


21. _____
 22. _____
 23. _____
 24. _____
 25. _____
 26. _____
 27. _____
 28. _____
 29. _____
 30. _____

Unit 4

Words from Names

pages 30–35

volt
Brailleboysenberry
silhouettesaxophone
maverickbegonia
boycottmagnolia
cardigan

 **Spelling Strategy** Knowing the origin of words that come from names can help you spell and understand the meanings of the words.

Write the word that fits each clue.

31. a kind of outline
 32. a kind of calf or colt
 33. a musical instrument
 34. a measurement of electricity
 35. raised dots
 36. a plant with colorful leaves

Write the word that completes each sentence.

37. Mia plucked a fragrant _____ blossom from the tree.
 38. Harvey was chilly, so he put on his _____.
 39. The manufacturers began to lose money as more people joined the _____.
 40. Pedro popped a sweet _____ into his mouth.


31. _____
 32. _____
 33. _____
 34. _____
 35. _____
 36. _____
 37. _____
 38. _____
 39. _____
 40. _____

Unit 5 Homophones

pages 36–41

capital	core	hostile	idle	cereal
capitol	corps	hostel	idol	serial

- 41. _____
- 42. _____
- 43. _____
- 44. _____
- 45. _____
- 46. _____
- 47. _____
- 48. _____
- 49. _____
- 50. _____

 **Spelling Strategy** Remember to think about meaning when using a **homophone**, a word that sounds like another but has a different spelling and meaning.

Write the word that completes each analogy.

- 41. individual : soldier :: group : _____
- 42. tired : weary :: unfriendly : _____
- 43. lunch : sandwich :: breakfast : _____
- 44. peach : pit :: earth : _____

Write the word that fits each clue.

- 45. not busy
- 46. a leading city
- 47. a person adored by others
- 48. a story told in installments
- 49. lodging for travelers
- 50. a government building

Challenge Words Units 1–5

pages 12–41

discreet	autocrat	solemn	bilingual	seismograph
discrete	zeppelin	solemnity	mesmerize	semiprecious

- 51. _____
- 52. _____
- 53. _____
- 54. _____
- 55. _____
- 56. _____
- 57. _____
- 58. _____
- 59. _____
- 60. _____

Write the words that complete the paragraph.

Mad King Despota was a powerful (51). At his coronation, a crown decorated with jewels and (52) stones was placed on his head. Laughing and smiling were strictly forbidden during the (53) ceremony. There was little danger of amusement, however, as the long procession served to (54) any of his subjects who were not already asleep.

Write the word that matches each definition.

- 55. seriousness
- 56. a light airship
- 57. separate or distinct
- 58. a machine that measures earthquakes
- 59. able to speak two languages
- 60. reserved in speech and behavior

Spelling-Meaning Strategy

The Latin Root *sign*

Did you know that *design* and *resignation* are related in meaning? Both words contain *sign*. Although it can stand alone as a word, *sign* is also a Latin root, meaning “mark or seal.” Long ago people stamped documents with personal seals. Today, we sign our names, and our signatures serve the same function as those seals. The meaning of a root affects the meaning of each word that contains it. When you design something, you mark a plan. Although today a resignation is something that cancels an agreement, originally it was a mark made to show that a debt or claim had been canceled.

Below are more words that contain *sign*.

signal
signet

assign
signify

ensign
insignia

design
resignation
signature

Think

- How does the root *sign* affect the meaning of each word? Look up the words in your Spelling Dictionary.
- In Unit 1, you learned that knowing how to spell *resignation* can help you to remember the silent *g* in *resign*. In which of the words above is the letter *g* silent? In which is it sounded?

Apply and Extend

Complete these activities on a separate piece of paper.

1. Write sentences using each word in the list above.
2. Can you think of other words that belong to the same family as *design* and *resignation*? With a partner, make a list of related words. Then look on page 275 of your Spelling-Meaning Index. Add any other related words that you find to your list.

Summing Up

The Latin root *sign* means “mark or seal.” Words that come from the same root are often related in spelling and meaning. Knowing some of the words in a family can help you to use and spell the others correctly.